

$$NM^{-\mathbb{R}}K \triangleleft_{\infty}^{\lambda} \mathbb{C} = \frac{\mathbb{1} \in NM^{-\mathbb{R}}K \triangleleft_{\infty} \mathbb{C}}{\mathbb{4} \in \mathbb{C} \triangleleft_{-\omega} NM^{-\mathbb{R}}K \Rightarrow \mathbb{4}\mathbb{4} = \hat{\mathbb{4}}_{\lambda i - \varrho} \mathbb{4}} \text{ harmonious}$$

$$= NM^{-\mathbb{R}}K \triangleleft_{\infty}^{\lambda} \mathbb{C} = \frac{\mathbb{1} \in NM^{-\mathbb{R}}K \triangleleft_{\infty} \mathbb{C}}{\bigwedge_a^{K} NMag \mathbb{4} = a^{\lambda i - \varrho} NMg \mathbb{4}} \text{ homogeneous}$$

$$N^{-\mathbb{R}}K \triangleleft_{\infty}^{\lambda} \underline{M}_{\mu} = \frac{\mathbb{R}K \xrightarrow{\mathbb{4}} \underline{M}_{\mu}}{namg \mathbb{4} = a^{\lambda + \varrho} m^{\mu g} \mathbb{4}} = N \circ K M^{-\mathbb{R}}K \triangleleft_{\infty}^{\lambda} \underline{M}_{\mu}$$

$$\overline{\mathbb{4}}^2 = \int_{dk}^K \overline{k}^2 \mathbb{4}$$

$$\overline{g \times \mathbb{4}}^x = \overline{xg} \mathbb{4}$$

$$\text{unitary} \Leftrightarrow \lambda \in \mathfrak{a}^{\#} i$$