$$x \mathbf{t} = \frac{x \mathbf{s}}{x \mathbf{c}}$$

$$-x \mathbf{t} = -x \mathbf{t}$$

$$-\frac{\pi}{2} | \frac{\pi}{2} \xrightarrow{\text{bij}} \mathbb{R}$$

$$\frac{x}{\mathbf{t}} = \frac{x_{\mathbf{s}}^{x} \mathbf{c} - x_{\mathbf{s}}^{x} \mathbf{c}}{x_{\mathbf{c}}^{2}} = \frac{x_{\mathbf{c}}^{2} + x_{\mathbf{s}}^{2}}{x_{\mathbf{c}}^{2}} = \frac{1}{x_{\mathbf{c}}^{2}} > 0 \Longrightarrow \mathbf{t} \text{ streng isoton}$$

$$x \leadsto \frac{\pi}{2} \Longrightarrow \begin{cases} x_{\mathbf{s}} \leadsto 1 \\ x_{\mathbf{c}} \leadsto 0 \end{cases} \Longrightarrow x_{\mathbf{t}} \leadsto +\infty$$

$$x \leadsto -\frac{\pi}{2} \Longrightarrow -x \leadsto \frac{\pi}{2} \Longrightarrow x_{\mathbf{t}} = -x_{\mathbf{t}} \leadsto -(+\infty) = -\infty$$