

$$0 \leq x < 1 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x^n(1-x) < \frac{1}{n} \\ x^n(1-x)^k < \frac{1}{n^k} \end{cases}$$

$$1 = 1^{n+1} = \overbrace{1-x}^{n+1} + x \geq \binom{n+1}{1} \overbrace{1-x} x^n > (1-x) n x^n$$

$$\binom{n+k}{k} = \frac{(n+k)!}{k!n!} = \frac{(n+1) \cdots (n+k)}{k!} > \frac{n^k}{k!}$$

$$1 = 1^{n+k} = \overbrace{1-x}^{n+k} + x \geq \binom{n+k}{k} \overbrace{1-x}^k x^n > \frac{n^k}{k!} x^n \overbrace{1-x}^k$$

$$n^k x^n \rightsquigarrow 0: \quad x^n \rightsquigarrow 0$$

$$n^k x^n = \frac{n^{k+1}}{n} x^n < \frac{(k+1)!}{(1-x)^{k+1}} \frac{1}{n} \rightsquigarrow 0$$

$$x^n = \frac{n}{n} x^n < \frac{1}{1-x} \frac{1}{n} \rightsquigarrow 0$$

$$\text{geom seq } \overline{x} < 1 \Rightarrow x^n \rightsquigarrow 0$$

$$\text{geom sum } x \neq 1 \Rightarrow \sum_m^n x^m = \frac{1-x^{n+1}}{1-x}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{0 \leq n \curvearrowright n+1}: \quad \sum_{m \leq n} x^m &= \sum_m^n x^m + x^n \stackrel{\text{ind}}{=} \frac{1-x^n}{1-x} + x^n \frac{1-x}{1-x} \\ &= \frac{\overbrace{1-x^n} + x^n \overbrace{1-x}}{1-x} = \frac{1-x^n + x^n - x^{n+1}}{1-x} = \frac{1-x^{n+1}}{1-x} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{geom ser } \overline{x} < 1 \Rightarrow \sum_m^n x^m \rightsquigarrow \frac{1}{1-x} = \overbrace{1-x}^{-1}$$