

$S = \{x_1 \cdots x_n\}$ distinct elements

$$\#S = n$$

subset $T \subset S$

$$\emptyset \subset S \supset S$$

$$(S) = 2^S = \text{all subsets}$$

power recursiv $x^0 = 1$: $x^{n+1} = x \cdot x^n$

$$\#\mathcal{P}(S) = 2^n$$

recursiv

$$S = \{x_0 \cdots x_n\}$$

$$(S) \asymp (S \setminus x_0) \times 2 = (S \setminus x_0) \dot{\cup} (S \setminus x_0) \text{ disj union}$$

$$T \subset \{x_0 \cdots x_n\}$$

if $x_0 \in T \Rightarrow T \setminus x_0 \subset \{x_1 \cdots x_n\} \Rightarrow 2^n$ subsets

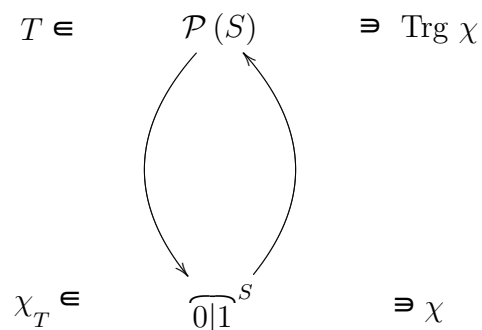
if $x_0 \notin T \Rightarrow T \subset \{x_1 \cdots x_n\} \Rightarrow 2^n$ subsets

$$\Rightarrow (S) = 2^n + 2^n = 2^{n+1} = 2 \cdot 2^n$$

bijektiv

$$\widehat{0|1}^{1|n} = \{1|n \xrightarrow{\mathcal{V}} 0|1\} = \frac{k = k_1 \cdots k_n \text{ n-tuples}}{k_i \in 0|1}$$

$$\#\widehat{0|1}^S = 2 \cdot 2 \cdots 2 = 2^n$$



$$\chi_T(i) = \begin{cases} 1 & i \in T \\ 0 & i \notin T \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Trg } \chi = \chi^{-1}(1)$$

$$\sum_{n \geq 0} 2^n x^n = \sum_{n \geq 0} (2x)^n = \frac{1}{1-2x}$$

$$0 \leq m \leq n: \quad \#T = m: \quad \#\emptyset = 0: \quad \#S = n$$

$$\widehat{0|1}_m^{1|n} = \text{all subsets with } m \text{ elements}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} n \\ m \end{bmatrix} = \frac{n!}{m!(n-m)!} \text{ binomial}$$

$$\text{Pascal binomial recursion } \begin{bmatrix} n \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = 1: \quad 1 \leq m \leq n: \quad \begin{bmatrix} n+ \\ m \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} n \\ m- \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} n \\ m \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\overline{0|1}_m^{1|n} = \begin{bmatrix} n \\ m \end{bmatrix}$$

$0 = m = n$ klar

recursiv ind $n \geq 0$

$$S = \{x_1 \cdots x_n\}$$

$$S \cup x_0 = \{x_0 \cdots x_n\}$$

$$T \in \overline{0|1}_m^{0|n}$$

if $x_0 \in T \Rightarrow m \geq 1$: $T \setminus x_0 \in \overline{0|1}_{m-}^{1|n} \xrightarrow{\text{ind}} \begin{bmatrix} n \\ m- \end{bmatrix}$ subsets

if $x_0 \notin T \Rightarrow T \in \overline{0|1}_m^{1|n} \xrightarrow{\text{ind}} \begin{bmatrix} n \\ m \end{bmatrix}$ subsets

$$\Rightarrow \# \overline{0|1}_m^{0|n} = \begin{bmatrix} n \\ m- \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} n \\ m \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} n+1 \\ m \end{bmatrix}$$

laufindex m : $\sum_m^{0|n} \begin{bmatrix} n \\ m \end{bmatrix} x^m = (1+x)^n$

$$(1+x)^{n+} = (1+x)^n (1+x) \xrightarrow{\text{ind}} (1+x) \sum_m^{0|n} \begin{bmatrix} n \\ m \end{bmatrix} x^m = \sum_m^{0|n} \begin{bmatrix} n \\ m \end{bmatrix} x^m + x \sum_k^{0|n} \begin{bmatrix} n \\ k \end{bmatrix} x^k$$

$$= 1 + \sum_m^{1|n} \begin{bmatrix} n \\ m \end{bmatrix} x^m + \sum_k^{0|n-} \begin{bmatrix} n \\ k \end{bmatrix} x^{k+} + x^{n+}$$

$$= 1 + \sum_m^{1|n} \begin{bmatrix} n \\ m \end{bmatrix} x^m + \sum_m^{1|n} \begin{bmatrix} n \\ m- \end{bmatrix} x^m + x^{n+} = 1 + \sum_m^{1|n} \left(\begin{bmatrix} n \\ m \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} n \\ m- \end{bmatrix} \right) x^m + x^{n+} = \sum_m^{0|n+} \begin{bmatrix} n+ \\ m \end{bmatrix} x^m$$

$$\left(\frac{d}{dx} \right)^m \frac{1}{1-x} = \frac{m!}{(1-x)^{m+}}$$

laufindex n : $\frac{x^m}{(1-x)^{m+}} = \sum_{n \geq m} \begin{bmatrix} n \\ m \end{bmatrix} x^n$

$$\frac{m!}{(1-x)^{m+}} = \left(\frac{d}{dx}\right)^m \frac{1}{1-x} = \left(\frac{d}{dx}\right)^m \sum_{n \geq 0} x^n = \sum_{n \geq m} \left(\frac{d}{dx}\right)^m x^n = \sum_{n \geq m} m^{(n)} x^{n-m} = x^{-m} \sum_{n \geq m} m^{(n)} x^n$$

$$\frac{x^m}{(1-x)^{m+}} = \sum_{n \geq m} \frac{m^{(n)}}{m!} x^n = \text{RHS}$$