

$${}^0\overline{e}_\lambda^\alpha = \int_{d\mu_0^{\mathbb{R}}(\zeta)}^{\mathbb{R}\overline{\zeta}} e_\lambda(\zeta) {}^0\overline{\zeta}^\alpha = \int_{d\mu_0^{\mathbb{R}}(\zeta)}^{\mathbb{R}\overline{\zeta}} e_\lambda(\zeta) \overline{\frac{\zeta \Delta_\zeta}{\alpha \zeta \Delta_\zeta}}^\nu = \frac{\Gamma_{n/2} \Gamma_{\nu-\varrho+\lambda} \Gamma_{\nu-\varrho-\lambda}}{\Gamma_{n/2+\nu-2\varrho} \Gamma_\nu} \alpha \begin{bmatrix} \nu-\varrho+\lambda & \nu-\varrho-\lambda \\ n/2+\nu-2\varrho \end{bmatrix} \lambda \overline{\frac{-\varrho+2\nu}{1-\alpha}}$$

$$F(\alpha) = \frac{\varrho-\lambda-2\nu}{1-\alpha} \int_{d\mu_0^{\mathbb{R}}(\zeta)}^{\mathbb{R}\overline{\zeta}} e_\lambda(\zeta) \zeta \Delta_\zeta^\nu \alpha \zeta \Delta_\zeta^{-\nu} = \frac{\Gamma_{n/2} \Gamma_{\nu-\varrho+\lambda} \Gamma_{\nu-\varrho-\lambda}}{\Gamma_{n/2+\nu-2\varrho} \Gamma_\nu} \alpha \begin{bmatrix} \nu-\varrho+\lambda & \nu-\varrho-\lambda \\ n/2+\nu-2\varrho \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha \overline{1-\alpha} \underline{F}(\alpha) + (n/2 + \nu - 2\varrho - \alpha(2\nu - 2\varrho + 1)) \underline{F}(\alpha) = (\nu - \varrho + \lambda)(\nu - \varrho - \lambda) F(\alpha)$$

$$\partial_\alpha \left(\overline{\frac{-\sigma}{1-\alpha}} \overline{\frac{-\nu}{1-\alpha x}} \right) = \sigma \overline{\frac{-\sigma-1}{1-\alpha}} \overline{\frac{-\nu}{1-\alpha x}} + \nu \overline{\frac{-\sigma}{1-\alpha}} x \overline{\frac{-\nu-1}{1-\alpha x}}$$

$$\overset{2}{\partial}_\alpha \left(\overline{\frac{-\sigma}{1-\alpha}} \overline{\frac{-\nu}{1-\alpha x}} \right) = \sigma(\sigma+1) \overline{\frac{-\sigma-2}{1-\alpha}} \overline{\frac{-\nu}{1-\alpha x}} + 2\sigma\nu \overline{\frac{-\sigma-1}{1-\alpha}} x \overline{\frac{-\nu-1}{1-\alpha x}} + \nu(\nu+1) \overline{\frac{-\sigma}{1-\alpha}} \overset{2}{x} \overline{\frac{-\nu-2}{1-\alpha x}}$$

$$0 = \alpha \overline{1-\alpha} \left(\sigma(\sigma+1) \overline{\frac{-\sigma-2}{1-\alpha}} \overline{\frac{-\nu}{1-\alpha x}} + 2\sigma\nu \overline{\frac{-\sigma-1}{1-\alpha}} x \overline{\frac{-\nu-1}{1-\alpha x}} + \nu(\nu+1) \overline{\frac{-\sigma}{1-\alpha}} \overset{2}{x} \overline{\frac{-\nu-2}{1-\alpha x}} \right)$$

$$+ (A + \alpha B) \left(\sigma \overline{\frac{-\sigma-1}{1-\alpha}} \overline{\frac{-\nu}{1-\alpha x}} + \nu \overline{\frac{-\sigma}{1-\alpha}} x \overline{\frac{-\nu-1}{1-\alpha x}} \right) + C \overline{\frac{-\sigma}{1-\alpha}} \overline{\frac{-\nu}{1-\alpha x}}$$

$$= \alpha \left(\sigma(\sigma+1) \overline{\frac{-\sigma-1}{1-\alpha}} \overline{\frac{-\nu}{1-\alpha x}} + 2\sigma\nu \overline{\frac{-\sigma}{1-\alpha}} x \overline{\frac{-\nu-1}{1-\alpha x}} + \nu(\nu+1) \overline{\frac{1-\sigma}{1-\alpha}} \overset{2}{x} \overline{\frac{-\nu-2}{1-\alpha x}} \right)$$

$$+ (A + \alpha B) \left(\sigma \overline{\frac{-\sigma-1}{1-\alpha}} \overline{\frac{-\nu}{1-\alpha x}} + \nu \overline{\frac{-\sigma}{1-\alpha}} x \overline{\frac{-\nu-1}{1-\alpha x}} \right) + C \overline{\frac{-\sigma}{1-\alpha}} \overline{\frac{-\nu}{1-\alpha x}}$$

$$\overset{\Rightarrow}{\text{divide } (1-\alpha)^{-\sigma-1}} 0 = \alpha \left(\sigma(\sigma+1) \overline{\frac{-\nu}{1-\alpha x}} + 2\sigma\nu \overline{\frac{-\nu-1}{1-\alpha}} x \overline{\frac{-\nu-1}{1-\alpha x}} + \nu(\nu+1) \overline{\frac{2}{1-\alpha}} \overset{2}{x} \overline{\frac{-\nu-2}{1-\alpha x}} \right)$$

$$+ (A + \alpha B) \left(\sigma \overline{\frac{-\nu}{1-\alpha x}} + \nu \overline{\frac{-\nu-1}{1-\alpha}} x \overline{\frac{-\nu-1}{1-\alpha x}} \right) + C \overline{\frac{-\nu}{1-\alpha}} \overline{\frac{-\nu}{1-\alpha x}}$$