

$$\bigvee_{\pi}^{0|4} \pi/2 \mathbf{c} = 0$$

$$\pi/2 \mathbf{s} = 1 = {}^0 \mathbf{c}$$

$${}^2 \mathbf{c} < 1 - \frac{2^2}{2!} + \frac{2^4}{4!} = -\frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow \bigvee_o^{0|2} {}^o \mathbf{c} = 0$$

$$x \in 0|2 \subset 0|\sqrt{6} \Rightarrow {}^x \underline{\mathbf{c}} = -{}^x \mathbf{s} < -x + \frac{x^3}{3!} = x \left(\frac{x^2}{6} - 1 \right) < 0 \Rightarrow \mathbf{c} \text{ antiton} \Rightarrow \text{eind } o = \pi/2$$

$$\pi/2 \mathbf{s}^2 + \pi/2 \mathbf{c}^2 = 1 \Rightarrow \pi/2 \mathbf{s} = \pm 1$$

$${}^x \mathbf{s} > 0 \text{ for } 0 < x < \sqrt{6} \Rightarrow \pi/2 \mathbf{s} = 1$$