

Aspects of index theory:

data: linear (differential) operators, families of operators
study: kernel and cokernel

aspects:

- 1 topological
- 2 geometric
- 3 categorial

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Index theory - homotopy theoretic aspect

F - Fredholm operator

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real version : $\text{index}(D(\mathcal{E})) \in KO^{-n}(B)$

Homotopy theoretic index theory questions

Calculate $\text{index}(D(\mathcal{E}))!$

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2 $\int_{T^\nu\pi/B} : K_c^n(T^\nu\pi) \rightarrow K^{-n}(B)$

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Typical question: express $c_i(\text{index}(\mathcal{E} \otimes \mathbf{V}))$ in terms of $c_j(V)$ and topology of π .

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s_n - integral version of $n! \mathbf{ch}_n$

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- ② $R(\hat{c}_i(\mathbf{V})) = c_i(\nabla^V) \in \Omega^{2i}(B)$ - Chern-Weil representative
- ③ $\hat{c}_i(\mathbf{V}') - \hat{c}_i(\mathbf{V}) = a(\tilde{c}_i(\nabla^{V'}, \nabla^V))$ - transgression formula

Geometric aspects of index theory

Assume: $\ker(D(\mathcal{E}))$ is a vector bundle

geometry of \mathcal{E} induces metric and connection on $\ker(D(\mathcal{E}))$

Question: Calculate $\ker(D(\mathcal{E}))$ as a geometric bundle or at least some invariants!

Invariants of geometric vector bundles \mathbf{V} :

Cheeger-Simons Chern classes

$\hat{c}_i(\mathbf{V}) \in \widehat{H\mathbb{Z}}^{2i}(B; \mathbb{Z})$ - differential integral cohomology :

Rational version : $\widehat{\mathbf{ch}}(\mathbf{V}) \in \widehat{H\mathbb{Q}}^{\text{ev}}(B)$

differentiable K -theory formalism

joint with Thomas Schick

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introduce differential K -theory $\hat{K}(B)$

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many other models: Hopkins-Freed, Freed-Morgan, Hopkins-Singer
(2005), Ortiz (2009)

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- ① technical work \rightsquigarrow drop assumption that $\ker(D(\mathcal{E}))$ is vector bundle
- ② exists unique differential lift of the Chern character

$$\widehat{\mathbf{ch}} : \hat{K}^0(B) \rightarrow \widehat{H\mathbb{Q}}^{ev}(B)$$

- ③ $T^\nu\pi$ - spin^c \rightsquigarrow write $\mathcal{V} = S^c(T^\nu\pi) \otimes \mathbf{F}$, \mathbf{F} - twisting bundle

$$\widehat{\mathbf{ch}}([\mathcal{E}]) = \int_{E/B} \hat{\mathbf{A}}(\nabla^{T^\nu\pi}) \cup \widehat{\mathbf{ch}}(\mathbf{F})$$

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Freed-Lott (09) - define $\widehat{\text{index}}^{top}$ and show

$$\widehat{\text{index}}^{an} = \widehat{\text{index}}^{top}$$

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Barthomieu (2008), B. (2009)

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This has geometric content! Differential version of Freed's theorem.

Describe $\ker(D(\mathcal{E}))$ as an object in a category of vector bundles over B , e.g.:

categorial aspect

make a **category** of geometric families $\mathcal{F}am(B)$
objects - families, morphisms - bordisms

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this can be done, but for interesting applications need **∞ -categorial** version

1-morphisms \rightsquigarrow secondary invariants (Chern-Simons, Adams' e)

2-morphisms \rightsquigarrow tertiary invariants (higher torsion, Laures f)

⋮

Determinants and Pfaffians

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Categorial version does not help much:

reason: want to trivialize $\det(\mathcal{E})$ but \mathcal{E} is not trivial (e.g. zero bordant).

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string structure \rightsquigarrow trivialization

topological string structures

Stolz/Teichner: string structure is lift to homotopy fibre

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} & & BString(n) & & \\ & \nearrow & \downarrow & & \\ B & \xrightarrow{V} & BSpin(n) & \xrightarrow{\frac{p_1}{2}} & K(\mathbb{Z}, 4) \end{array}$$

geometric string structures

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(refines the notion of a topological string structure in the same way as a geometric vector bundle refines the notion of an isomorphism class of a vector bundle)

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H_{str} - canonical 3-form of the string structure

$$dH_{str} = \frac{p_1}{2} (\nabla^V) .$$