

**Functional Analysis —Midterm 1**

**22.3.10**

**MT1.** Let  $H$  be a separable Hilbert space. Show that for  $A : H \longrightarrow H$  hermitian, we have  $I + iA$  is invertible.

**MT2.** Show that the space  $l^1(\mathbb{N})$  is of first category in  $l^2(\mathbb{N})$ .

**MT3.** Let  $w \in C(\mathbb{R})$  be real valued and let  $\langle f, g \rangle_w = \int f(x) \overline{g(x)} w(x) dx$ . Define a Hilbert space  $H_w$  using this sesquilinear form. Under which conditions is this in fact a Hilbert space? Under which conditions does it equal  $L^2(\mathbb{R})$ , that is, under which conditions does it define an equivalent norm?

**MT4.** Let  $X$  be a Banach space and  $U \subseteq X$  closed. Let  $S \in \mathbb{B}(U, l^\infty(\mathbb{N}))$ . Show that there exists  $T \in \mathbb{B}(X, l^\infty(\mathbb{N}))$  with  $T$  restricted to  $U$  is  $S$  and  $\|T\| = \|S\|$ . (Tip, apply Hahn Banach to  $l_n : u \mapsto (Su)_n$ .)

**MT5.** For  $X, Y$  normed spaces, we say that a bounded linear map  $T : X \longrightarrow Y$  is Fredholm if

- (a)  $\text{Kernel}(T)$  is finite dimensional.
- (b)  $\text{Image}(T)$  is closed and finite codimensional.

Show that the right shift and the left shift operators on  $l^2(\mathbb{N})$  are Fredholm. Moreover, show that for any compact operator  $u : X \longrightarrow Y$  we have  $I - u$  is Fredholm.