

$$0 < a_n \searrow 0 \Rightarrow \sum_n^{\mathbb{N}} (-1)^n a_n \text{ konv}$$

$$s_n = \sum_n^{0|n} (-1)^m a_m$$

$$s_{2n} = \overbrace{a_0 - a_1 + \cdots + a_{2n-2} - a_{2n-1}} + a_{2n} \geqslant 0$$

$$s_{2n} \searrow$$

$$s_{2n+2} = s_{2n} - a_{2n+1} + a_{2n+2} = s_{2n} - \overbrace{a_{2n+1} - a_{2n+2}}^{\geqslant 0} \leqslant s_{2n}$$

$$s_{2n} \searrow s \geqslant 0$$

$$s_{2n+1} - s_{2n} = a_{2n+1} \searrow 0$$

$$s_{2n+1} \rightsquigarrow s$$

$$0 < a_n \searrow 0 \Rightarrow \sum_n^{\mathbb{N}} (-1)^n a_n \text{ konv}$$

$$0 \leq (-1)^m \underbrace{\sum_n^{\mathbb{N}} (-1)^n a_n}_{\sum_n^m (-1)^n a_n} \leq a_m$$

$$n \geq m \Rightarrow 0 \leq (-1)^{m+1} \underbrace{s_n - s_m}_{s_{m+1} - s_m} \leq a_{m+1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & (-1)^{m+1} \underbrace{s_{m+2k} - s_m}_{s_{m+2k+1} - s_m} = a_{m+1} - a_{m+2} + a_{m+3} - \dots - a_{m+2k} \\ & = \begin{cases} \overbrace{a_{m+1} - a_{m+2}} + \overbrace{a_{m+3} - a_{m+4}} + \dots + \overbrace{a_{m+2k-1} - a_{m+2k}} \geq 0 \\ a_{m+1} - \underbrace{a_{m+2} - a_{m+3}} - \dots - \underbrace{a_{m+2k-2} - a_{m+2k-1}} - a_{m+2k} \leq a_{m+1} \end{cases} \\ & (-1)^{m+1} \underbrace{s_{m+2k+1} - s_m}_{s_{m+2k+2} - s_m} = a_{m+1} - a_{m+2} + a_{m+3} - \dots + a_{m+2k+1} \\ & = \begin{cases} \overbrace{a_{m+1} - a_{m+2}} + \overbrace{a_{m+3} - a_{m+4}} + \dots + \overbrace{a_{m+2k-1} - a_{m+2k}} + a_{m+2k+1} \geq 0 \\ a_{m+1} - \underbrace{a_{m+2} - a_{m+3}} - \dots - \underbrace{a_{m+2k-2} - a_{m+2k-1}} - \underbrace{a_{m+2k} - a_{m+2k+1}} \leq a_{m+1} \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

$$n > m \Rightarrow \overline{s_n - s_m} \leq a_{m+1} \Rightarrow s_n \underset{\text{Cau}}{\rightsquigarrow}$$

$$\sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{n} \Rightarrow \log(2) = \int_1^2 \frac{dt}{t}$$

$$\sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{n^s} \Rightarrow \underbrace{1 - 2^{1-s}} \zeta(s)$$

$${}^2\cancel{\epsilon} = \underbrace{1 - 2^{1-1}}_{=0} \zeta(\underbrace{1}_{\infty})$$

$$\overline{\sum_n^m (-1)^n a_n} \leq a_m$$

$${}^{2M}\cancel{\epsilon} (\overline{-1}) a. = \sum_{n < 2M} (-1)^n a_n \leq \sum_{0 \leq n} (-1)^n a_n \leq \sum_{n \leq 2N} (-1)^n a_n = {}^{2N+1}\cancel{\epsilon} (\overline{-1}) a.$$

$$\sum_{n \leqslant 2N}^{\mathbb{N}} (-1)^n a_n - \sum_n^{\mathbb{N}} (-1)^n a_n = - \sum_{2N < n}^{\mathbb{N}} (-1)^n a_n \xrightarrow{\text{rechts}} \underbrace{a_{2N+1} - a_{2N+2}} + \underbrace{a_{2N+3} - a_{2N+4}} + \dots \geqslant 0$$

$$\sum_n^{\mathbb{N}} (-1)^n a_n - \sum_{n < 2M}^{\mathbb{N}} (-1)^n a_n = \sum_{2M \leqslant n}^{\mathbb{N}} (-1)^n a_n \xrightarrow{\text{links}} \underbrace{a_{2M} - a_{2M+1}} + \underbrace{a_{2M+2} - a_{2M+3}} + \dots \geqslant 0$$

$$\begin{cases} 0 < a_n \searrow 0 \\ M = \sqrt[n]{\ell} < \infty \end{cases} \Rightarrow \sum_n^{\mathbb{N}} a_n^n \nearrow \Rightarrow$$

$$\bigwedge_{\varepsilon}^{>0} \bigvee_p^{\mathbb{N}} 2M \nexists^p \leqslant \varepsilon$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \bigwedge_{0 < p \leqslant q} \overline{\sum_n^{q+1-p} a_n^n \nabla} = \overline{\sum_n^{q+1-p} a_n \underbrace{n+1}_{\nabla} - \underbrace{n}_{\nabla}} = \overline{\sum_n^{q+1-p} a_n^{n+1} \nabla - \sum_n^{q+p-1} a_{n+1}^{n+1} \nabla} \\ &= \overline{\sum_n^{q-p} \underbrace{a_n - a_{n+1}}_{\geqslant 0}^{n+1} \nabla + a_q^{q+1} \nabla - a_p^p \nabla} \leqslant \sum_n^{q-p} \overline{\underbrace{a_n - a_{n+1}}_{\geqslant 0}^{n+1} \nabla} + \overline{a_q^{q+1} \nabla} + \overline{a_p^p \nabla} \\ &= \sum_n^{q-p} \underbrace{a_n - a_{n+1}}_{\geqslant 0}^{\overset{\leqslant M}{n+1} \nabla} + \underbrace{a_q}_{\geqslant 0}^{\overset{\leqslant M}{q+1} \nabla} + \underbrace{a_p}_{\geqslant 0}^{\overset{\leqslant M}{p} \nabla} \leqslant M \left(\sum_n^{q-p} \underbrace{a_n - a_{n+1}}_{\geqslant 0} + a_q + a_p \right) \\ &= M \left(\underbrace{a_p - a_{p+1}} + \underbrace{a_{p+1} - a_{p+2}} + \dots + \underbrace{a_{q-1} - a_q}_{\geqslant 0} + a_q + a_p \right) \xrightarrow{\text{telescop}} 2M a_p \leqslant \varepsilon \Rightarrow \text{Cau} \end{aligned}$$

$$0 < a_n \searrow 0 \xrightarrow[\text{series}]{} \sum_n^{\mathbb{N}} (-1)^n a_n \succ$$

$${}^n \nabla = {}^n (-1) \Rightarrow {}^N \ell (-1) = \begin{cases} 0 & N \text{ even} \\ 1 & N \text{ odd} \end{cases}$$