

$$\mathbb{R}_+ \ni a_n \geq 0$$

$$\text{Pos-Rule } a_n \geq 0 \Rightarrow \sum_n^{\mathbb{N}} a_n \geq 0$$

$$\sum_n^{\mathbb{N}} a_n \underset{\text{summ}}{\geq} \Leftrightarrow \sum_n^{\mathbb{N}} \bar{a}_n < \infty \text{ bes} \Leftrightarrow \sum_n^{\mathbb{N}} a_n = \sum_N^{\mathbb{N}} s_N < \infty$$

$$\bar{a}_n - \bar{a}_{n-1} = a_n \geq 0 \Rightarrow \bar{a}_n \nearrow \text{isoton} \Rightarrow \bar{a}_n \rightsquigarrow \Leftrightarrow \bar{a}_n \text{ bes}$$

$$\sum_n^{\mathbb{N}} a_n \text{ assoz/unabh von Klammerung}$$

$$\text{Mon-Rule } a_n \leq b_n \Rightarrow \sum_n^{\mathbb{N}} a_n \leq \sum_n^{\mathbb{N}} b_n$$

$$a_n > 0: \quad \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} \rightsquigarrow L \Rightarrow \begin{cases} 0 \leq L < 1 \Rightarrow \sum_n a_n < +\infty \\ 1 < L \leq +\infty \Rightarrow \sum_n a_n = +\infty \end{cases}$$

$$0 \leq L < 1 \Rightarrow \bigvee_m^{\mathbb{N}} \bigwedge_{n \geq m}^{\mathbb{N}} \frac{\overline{a_{n+1}} - L}{a_n} \leq \frac{1-L}{2}: \quad \frac{L-1}{2} \leq \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} - L \leq \frac{1-L}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} \leq \frac{1+L}{2} < 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \bigwedge_k^{\mathbb{N}} \frac{a_{m+k}}{a_m} = \frac{a_{m+1}}{a_m} \frac{a_{m+2}}{a_{m+1}} \dots \frac{a_{m+k}}{a_{m+k-1}} \leq \left(\frac{1+L}{2} \right)^k$$

$$\frac{\sum_n^{\mathbb{N}} a_n - \sum_n^m a_n}{a_m} = \frac{1}{a_m} \sum_{n \geq m} a_n = \sum_k^{\mathbb{N}} \frac{a_{m+k}}{a_m} \leq \sum_k^{\mathbb{N}} \left(\frac{1+L}{2} \right)^k = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1+L}{2}} = \frac{2}{1-L} < +\infty$$

$$1 < L \leq +\infty \Rightarrow \bigvee_m^{\mathbb{N}} \bigwedge_{n \geq m}^{\mathbb{N}} \frac{\overline{a_{n+1}} - L}{a_n} \leq L-1: \quad 1-L \leq \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} - L \leq L-1 \Rightarrow 1 \leq \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n}$$

$$\Rightarrow \bigwedge_{n \geq m} a_{n+1} \geq a_n \Rightarrow \bigwedge_{n \geq m} a_n \geq a_m > 0 \Rightarrow a_n \not\rightarrow 0$$

$$-1 < x < 1: \sum_n^{\mathbb{N}} p(n) x^n \text{ konv}$$

$$\overline{x} < \overline{y^{c/a}}: \sum_n^{\mathbb{N}} p(n) \frac{x^{an+b}}{y^{cn+d}} \text{ konv}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{p(n+1)}{p(n)} &= \frac{p_d(n+1)^d + \sum_k^d p_k(n+1)^k}{p_d n^d + \sum_k^d p_k n^k} = \frac{p_d \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^d + \sum_k^d p_k \left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^{d-k} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^k}{p_d + \sum_k^d p_k \left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^{d-k}} \\ &\rightsquigarrow \frac{p_d(1+0)^d + \sum_k^d p_k 0^{d-k} (1+0)^k}{p_d + \sum_k^d p_k 0^{d-k}} = 1 \\ \frac{p(n+1)x^{n+1}}{p(n)x^n} &= \frac{p(n+1)}{p(n)} x \rightsquigarrow x \\ \frac{p(n+1)\frac{x^{a(n+1)+b}}{y^{c(n+1)+d}}}{p(n)\frac{x^{an+b}}{y^{cn+d}}} &= \frac{p(n+1)x^{a(n+1)+b}y^{cn+d}}{p(n)x^{an+b}y^{c(n+1)+d}} = \frac{p(n+1)x^a}{p(n)y^c} \rightsquigarrow \frac{x^a}{y^c} \end{aligned}$$