

$$\mathcal{H}\psi = E\psi$$

$$q \in \mathbb{R}^3 \setminus 0 \text{ config space}$$

$$q:p \in \mathbb{R}^3 \setminus 0 \times {}_3\mathbb{R} \text{ c-phase space}$$

kinematisch

$$\mathbb{R} \xleftarrow{\xi:\eta:\zeta} \mathbb{R}^3 \setminus 0 \times {}_3\mathbb{R} \xrightarrow{x:y:z} \mathbb{R}$$

$$\gamma \in \mathbb{R}^3 \setminus 0 \underset{m}{\Delta} \mathbb{C} \text{ q-Hilbert space}$$

$$\int_{dxdydz}^{\mathbb{R}^3 \setminus 0} \underbrace{\frac{2}{x:y:z}}_{\text{Aufenthalts-Wahrscheinlichkeit in } x:y:z} = 1$$

dynamisch

$$1/2 = \frac{h}{2\pi i}$$

$$\overline{\xi:\eta:\zeta} = 1/2 \underbrace{\partial_x^2 \cdot \partial_y^2 \cdot \partial_z^2}_{}$$

$${}_{q:p}\mathcal{H} = T - V = \frac{1}{2}m v^2 - \frac{e^2}{r} = \frac{p^2}{2m} - \frac{e^2}{\overline{q}}$$

$$\overline{\mathcal{H}} = \frac{1/2^2}{2m} \underbrace{\partial_x^2 + \partial_y^2 + \partial_z^2}_{\overline{\mathcal{H}}} - \frac{e^2}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2}}$$

$$= \frac{1/2^2}{2m} \frac{1}{r^2} \left(\partial_r (r^2) \partial_r + \frac{1}{\sin^2 \vartheta} \left(\partial_\vartheta (\sin \vartheta) \partial_\vartheta + \frac{1}{\sin^2 \vartheta} \partial_\varphi^2 \right) \right) - \frac{e^2}{r}$$

$${}^q\gamma = \frac{e^{-r/a}}{\pi^{1/2} a^{3/2}} = \frac{e^{-(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2}/a}}{\pi^{1/2} a^{3/2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{r^2} \partial_r r^2 \partial_r e^{-kr} = \frac{1}{r^2} \partial_r r^2 (-ke^{-kr}) \\ &= \frac{-k}{r^2} \partial_r (r^2 e^{-kr}) = \frac{-k}{r^2} (2re^{-kr} - kr^2 e^{-kr}) = e^{-kr} \left(k^2 - \frac{2k}{r} \right) \\ & \underbrace{\frac{1/2^2}{2m} \frac{1}{r^2} \partial_r r^2 \partial_r - \frac{e^2}{r}}_{=0} e^{-kr} = e^{-kr} \frac{1/2^2}{2m} \left(k^2 - \frac{2k}{r} \right) - \frac{e^2}{r} e^{-kr} \\ &= e^{-kr} \left(\frac{1/2^2 k^2}{2m} - \left(\frac{1/2^2 k}{m} + e^2 \right) \frac{1}{r} \right) = \frac{1/2^2 k^2}{2m} e^{-kr} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \partial_x e^{-k(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2}} = -k e^{-k(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2}} \partial_x (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2} \\ &= -k e^{-k(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{2} (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-1/2} 2x = -kx e^{-k(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2}} (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-1/2} \\ & \partial_x \left(x e^{-k(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2}} (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-1/2} \right) = e^{-k(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2}} (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-1/2} \\ &+ x \underbrace{-kxe^{-k(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2}} (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-1/2}}_{=0} + x e^{-k(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2}} \frac{-1}{2} (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-3/2} 2x \\ &= e^{-k(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2}} (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-1/2} \left(1 - kx^2 - kx^2 (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-1} \right) \\ & \partial_x^2 e^{-k(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2}} = e^{-k(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2}} (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-1/2} \left(-k + k^2 x^2 + k^2 x^2 (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-1} \right) \\ & \quad \underbrace{\partial_x^2 + \partial_y^2 + \partial_z^2}_{=0} e^{-k(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2}} \\ &= e^{-k(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2}} (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-1/2} \left(-3k + k^2 (x^2 + y^2 + z^2) + k^2 (x^2 + y^2 + z^2) (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-1} \right) \\ &= e^{-k(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2}} (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-1/2} \left(k^2 - 3k + k^2 (x^2 + y^2 + z^2) \right) \\ &\Rightarrow \left(\frac{1/2^2}{2m} \underbrace{\partial_x^2 + \partial_y^2 + \partial_z^2}_{=0} - \frac{e^2}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2}} \right) e^{-k(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{1/2^2}{2m} e^{-k(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2}} (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-1/2} \left(k^2 - 3k + k^2 (x^2 + y^2 + z^2) \right) \\
&\quad - \frac{e^2}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2}} e^{-k(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2}} = \\
&\quad \left(k^2 - 3k \right) \frac{1/2^2}{2m} e^{-k(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2}} (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-1/2} \\
&+ k^2 \frac{1/2^2}{2m} e^{-k(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2}} (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2} \left(k^2 \frac{1/2^2}{2m} - e^2 \right) = E e^{-k(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2}}
\end{aligned}$$