

$$\gamma_w(z) = w - z \dot{w} z$$

$$x \in \Omega_u: \quad \hat{\gamma}_w(x) = 2x \dot{u} w$$

$$z \underline{\gamma}_w(u) = -2z \dot{w} u \Rightarrow \underline{\gamma}_w(u) = -2 \dot{w} u \Rightarrow \underline{\gamma}_w^{\dagger}(u) = 2 \dot{u} w$$

$$\hat{\gamma}_w(x) - x \cdot \lambda_w = x \dot{u} w_1 + x \dot{w}_1 u$$

$$x \cdot \lambda_w = x \dot{u} \overbrace{w_1 + 2w_{1/2}}^* - x \overbrace{w_1 + 2w_{1/2}}^* u = x \dot{u} \overbrace{w_1 + 2w_{1/2}}^* - x \dot{w}_1 u$$

$$\text{LHS} = 2x \dot{u} \overbrace{w_1 + w_{1/2}}^* - x \dot{u} \overbrace{w_1 + 2w_{1/2}}^* + x \dot{w}_1 u = \text{RHS}$$

$$\underline{\hat{\gamma}_w}(u) - u \cdot \lambda_w \star u = w \star u + u \star w$$

$$\text{LHS} = \underbrace{u \dot{u} \overbrace{w_1 + \dot{w}_1}^*}_{\star u} = \overbrace{w_1 + \dot{w}_1}^* \star u = \text{RHS}$$